

# Gateway Two - Validation of Applications for Building Control Approval

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#### Introduction

The <u>Building Regulations 2010</u> set out the required standards for 'building work', including erecting new buildings, extending and altering buildings, and changing their use. Approval to carry out certain types of work is required from a Building Control Body, which must be satisfied that proposed building work complies with all relevant requirements of the Building Regulations before work can begin.

The Building Safety Act, which is the foundation of the new <u>building safety regime</u> for the construction sector, introduces the requirement for Higher-Risk Buildings (HRBs) to obtain Building Control Approval from the Building Safety Regulator (BSR). <u>The Building (Higher-Risk Buildings Procedures)</u> (<u>England) Regulations 2023</u> set out the information that must be included within an application for Building Control Approval at Gateway Two for both new and existing HRBs.

Building Control Approval is <u>not required</u> for building work which consists only of exempt work, work carried out under a Competent Person Scheme, or an emergency repair to an existing HRB. However, for an emergency repair, the BSR must be notified about the work by the end of the first working day after it starts.

This Build UK guide provides an overview of the validation stage at Gateway Two and the documents that must be included within an application for an HRB in England.

#### **Further Information**

- <u>The Building Safety Act 2022</u> introduces the requirement for HRBs to obtain Building Control Approval from the BSR (Section 32).
- The Building (Higher-Risk Buildings Procedures) (England) Regulations 2023 set out the requirements for applying for Building Control Approval for HRBs.
- <u>Building Control Approval for Higher-Risk Buildings</u> provides guidance on how to submit and manage an application for Building Control Approval to the BSR.
- <u>Preparing Information for a Building Control Approval Application</u> sets out the information that must be included in an application for Building Control Approval.
- The <u>Building Control Authority Micro-Site</u> includes a series of Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on the Building Control Approval process for HRBs.

The BSR can be contacted on **0300 790 6787** with queries relating to the submission and management of applications for Building Control Approval for HRBs.



## **Preparing An Application**

The Building Safety Regulator (BSR) expects applications for Building Control Approval to demonstrate how the design and construction of a Higher-Risk Building (HRB) will comply with the Building Regulations by:

- **Identifying** every single element that needs to demonstrate compliance with each part of the Building Regulations
- Clarifying which code or standard will be used to demonstrate compliance, with an explanation of why it is the most appropriate
- **Justifying** how the functional requirements have been met, with clear and comprehensible narrative referring to suitably labelled plans and drawings.

The BSR has confirmed that it will **not** provide advice to applicants on how to comply with the requirements of the Building Regulations at any stage of the application process. However, it has published <u>information</u> on the most common issues identified with applications and the reasons why they are rejected, which include missing Compliance Statements, Competence Declarations, and Construction Control Plans.

For complex projects that involve buildings with multiple connected parts, an applicant may want to split the building work into different stages and submit a '<u>staged application</u>'. Applicants are advised to <u>contact the BSR</u> before submitting a staged application.

## **Submitting An Application**

The Building Safety Regulator (BSR) expects documents within an application to be PDFs, smaller than 1GB, and clearly labelled using only letters, numbers, spaces, hyphens and underscores. For applications submitted after 1 April 2025, applicants can <u>create folders</u> for their supporting documents to help the BSR when assessing them.

Build UK understands that the 'Description of Proposed Work' document is used by the BSR as a 'project summary' to demonstrate the skills, knowledge and experience required of the Registered Building Inspector (RBI) when assembling the Multi-Disciplinary Team (MDT) to assess the application.

In the event an application is rejected, the BSR has advised that any new application should reference the previous application to enable the BSR, where possible, to appoint the same MDT which will be familiar with the project.

Each application for Building Control Approval submitted to the BSR will incur an application fee of £189 plus time spent reviewing it charged at £151 per hour per person working on the application.

On submission of their application via the <u>application portal</u>, applicants will receive a Building Control Approval Application Reference Number.

#### **Validation Of Application**

On receipt of an application for Building Control Approval, the Building Safety Regulator (BSR) will carry out an initial assessment to ensure that all the documents required have been submitted. This is known as the **validation stage**.

If an application is deemed **valid**, it will progress to the assessment stage and a nominated contact within the BSR, known as a case officer, will be allocated to the application and become the first point of contact for all further communication. A validated application does **not** mean it has been approved.

If the application is deemed **not valid**, the applicant will be notified and the application will not progress any further.



# **Application Process**

Information	BSR Target Timeline
Full details can be found in this guidance: Building Control Approval for Higher-Risk Buildings.	Week 0
Assessment by the BSR to determine if the application contains the documents required.  If deemed valid, a case officer will be allocated.	Week 1
it will be deemed not valid.	
The MDT will include a Registered Building Inspector (RBI), a fire inspector or engineer, and any other specialist support deemed necessary.	Weeks 2 - 9
Assessment by the MDT to determine if the application contains the required information, including demonstrating compliance with all relevant Building Regulations and suitable management arrangements.	Weeks 9 - 15
If the application is accepted, it will be assessed by statutory consultees, which is a legal requirement.  If the application is not accepted, it will be rejected at this stage.	Week 15
Assessment by statutory consultees to determine if the application contains the required information.	Weeks 15 - 17
A decision is made on the application and it will be either approved or rejected with a full report provided to the applicant.	Week 18
If the application is rejected, the applicant can request a <u>review</u> by the BSR within 21 days of the date of rejection and then submit an <u>appeal</u> to the First Tier Tribunal.	
Notice of intention to start work must be given to the BSR at least five days before work starts.  Notice of commencement must be given to the BSR within five days of work starting.	Week 19 onwards
	Full details can be found in this guidance: Building Control Approval for Higher-Risk Buildings.  Assessment by the BSR to determine if the application contains the documents required.  If deemed valid, a case officer will be allocated.  If the application contains insufficient information, it will be deemed not valid.  The MDT will include a Registered Building Inspector (RBI), a fire inspector or engineer, and any other specialist support deemed necessary.  Assessment by the MDT to determine if the application contains the required information, including demonstrating compliance with all relevant Building Regulations and suitable management arrangements.  If the application is accepted, it will be assessed by statutory consultees, which is a legal requirement.  If the application is not accepted, it will be rejected at this stage.  Assessment by statutory consultees to determine if the application contains the required information.  A decision is made on the application and it will be either approved or rejected with a full report provided to the applicant.  If the application is rejected, the applicant can request a review by the BSR within 21 days of the date of rejection and then submit an appeal to the First Tier Tribunal.  Notice of intention to start work must be given to the BSR at least five days before work starts.

Whilst the <u>Building (Higher-Risk Buildings Procedures)</u> (<u>England) Regulations 2023</u> specify a period of 12 weeks (new HRBs) and 8 weeks (existing HRBs) for the BSR to process an application for Building Control Approval, the BSR currently aims to work to the above timeline of 17 - 18 weeks.



# **Documents That Must Be Included In Application**

Document	Building (Higher-Risk Buildings Procedures) (England) Regulations	Details
Project Information	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 1(a)&(b)  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 1(a)&(b)	Details to include:  Project name Application email address Site address Name, address telephone and email address of the: Client Principal Designer Principal Contractor
Description of Existing Building	New Building:  N/A  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 1(d)	Details to include:  Current use  Current use of each storey  Height  Number of:  Storeys  Flats  Residential rooms  Commercial units
Client Authorisation Statement	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(c)  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 2(d)	Where an application is made on behalf of the Client, a statement signed by the Client confirming that they agree to the application being made and that the information provided is correct.
Commencement Statement	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 1(e)(viii)  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 1(e)(viii)	A statement as to when it is proposed the work is to be regarded as commenced in accordance with Regulation 46A of the Building Regulations, which sets out criteria for different types of building from when the foundations supporting the building and the structure of the lowest floor level of that building are completed to when 15% of the building work has been carried out.
Statement of Application	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 1(c)  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 1(c)	A statement that the application is being made under the <u>Building</u> ( <u>Higher-Risk Buildings Procedures</u> ) ( <u>England</u> ) Regulations.



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Description of Proposed Work	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 1(e)  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 1(e)	<ul> <li>Details of the work, including:</li> <li>A summary of the scope of work</li> <li>Planning reference number</li> <li>The key elements of complexity</li> <li>Any aspects it is particularly useful for the BSR to know about</li> <li>For a staged application, the build time for the first and subsequent stages</li> <li>Intended use of the building</li> <li>Intended use of each storey</li> <li>Height</li> <li>Number of: <ul> <li>Storeys</li> <li>Flats</li> <li>Residential rooms</li> <li>Commercial units</li> </ul> </li> <li>Provision for drainage</li> <li>Compliance with local enactments</li> </ul>
Location Plan	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(a)  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 2(a)	<ul> <li>A site plan, minimum scale of 1:1250, showing:</li> <li>The size and position of the building</li> <li>Relationship to adjoining boundaries</li> <li>Curtilage of the building</li> <li>Size, position and function of existing or new buildings and streets within, on or adjoining the curtilage</li> </ul>
Drawings and Plans	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(i)  Existing Building - Category A & Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 2(b)	Clearly legible drawings showing existing and planned layouts relevant to the work being undertaken with sufficient detail, clearly labelled and their status i.e. preliminary, tender etc.
Fire Safety Compliance Information	New Building: N/A  Existing Building - Category A: N/A Category B: Regulation 12. cl. 3(d)	Required if the work affects the existing building's fire safety strategy to include assumptions made and details of any impact on:  • Fire warning systems  • Means of escape  • Fire spread within a building  • Fire spread to adjoining buildings  • Access and arrangements for fire fighting



Drains, Sewer and Disposal Mains	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 1(e)(v)&(vi)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 1(e)(v)&(vi)	<ul> <li>A site plan, minimum scale of 1:1250, showing:</li> <li>The location of any proposed sewer connection</li> <li>Any sewer discharge proposals</li> <li>Septic tank and associated secondary treatment system</li> <li>Wastewater treatment system</li> <li>Cesspool</li> <li>Location of proposed surface water discharge</li> <li>Any permissions received from sewerage undertaker for work within 3 metres of an existing drain or sewer.</li> <li>Details of the precautions to be taken to protect the sewer from the building and the building from the sewer.</li> </ul>
Competence Declaration	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(ii)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 2(c)(i)  Further information can be found in Schedule 1, Paragraph 1	A series of declarations, titled 'Competence Declaration' and signed by the Client, stating that the Client has complied with Part 2A of the Building Regulations and has taken all reasonable steps to satisfy themselves that the Principal Designer and Principal Contractor are competent to carry out their roles.  The declarations should include confirmation that information on serious sanctions and past misconduct has been requested, considered and appropriate measures put in place where required.
Construction Control Plan	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(iii)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 2(c)(ii)  Further information can be found in Schedule 1, Paragraph 2	Details of the strategies, policies and procedures the Client has adopted for planning, managing and monitoring the work, including the arrangements for:  • Ensuring all parties on site communicate, coordinate and cooperate, including sharing information  • Ensuring the work is carried out by competent individuals and complies with Building Regulations and how that will be demonstrated, including any work to be carried out under a Competent Person Scheme  • Collating, verifying and storing information for the Golden Thread  • Keeping the plan under review.



Change Control Plan	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(iv)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 2(c)(iii)  Further information can be found in Regulations 18 - 30 and Schedule 1, Paragraph 3	How controlled changes will be recorded, notified and managed, including:  • How changes will be identified and reported  • How the impacts will be considered  • How they will be recorded  • How they will be reported where appropriate  • How the plan will be kept under review
Mandatory Occurrence Reporting System	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(v)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 2(c)(iv)  Further information can be found in Regulations 32 - 37	The system that will be implemented in relation to Mandatory Occurrence Reporting, which should be established, maintained and operated by the Principal Designer and Principal Contractor.  A template Mandatory Occurrence Reporting system can be found in Build UK's guide to Mandatory Occurrence Reporting.
Building Regulations Compliance Statement	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(vi)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 2(c)(v)  Further information can be found in Schedule 1. Paragraph 4	Details of how the planned work will meet the requirements of the Building Regulations, which should:  • Identify every single element that needs to demonstrate compliance with each part of the Building Regulations  • Clarify which code or standard will be used to demonstrate compliance with an explanation of why it is the most appropriate  • Justify how the functional requirements have been met with clear and comprehensible narrative referring to suitably labelled plans and drawings.  A Relevant Requirements Tracker has been produced by RIBA for Principal Designers.



Fire and Emergency File	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(vii)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 2(c)(vi)  Further information can be found in Schedule 1, Paragraph 5	<ul> <li>The assumptions of how the building will perform, including:</li> <li>Managing fire and structural failure</li> <li>Managing and maintaining the building to keep it safe for occupants</li> <li>Arrangements for safe evacuation to reflect the design assumptions</li> <li>Access and arrangements for firefighting e.g. water supply, hydrant locations etc.</li> </ul>
Partial Completion Strategy	New Building: Regulation 4. cl. 2(b)(viii)  Existing Building - Category A only: Regulation 12. cl. 2(c)(vii)  Further information can be found in Schedule 1, Paragraph 6	If proposing occupation of part of the building before completion of the work, an explanation including:  The proposals adopted in designing for part occupation  Proposed measures and strategies to safely manage and maintain the partial occupation.



## **Document Checklist**

Document	Submitted
1. Project Information	☐ Yes
2. Description of Existing Building	☐ Yes
3. Client Authorisation Statement	☐ Yes
4. Commencement Statement	☐ Yes
5. Statement of Application	☐ Yes
6. Description of Proposed Work	☐ Yes
7. Location Plan	☐ Yes
8. Drawings and Plans	☐ Yes
9. Fire Safety Compliance Information	☐ Yes
10. Drains, Sewer and Disposal Mains	☐ Yes
11. Competence Declaration	☐ Yes
12. Construction Control Plan	☐ Yes
13. Change Control Plan	☐ Yes
14. Mandatory Occurrence Reporting System	☐ Yes
15. Building Regulations Compliance Statement	☐ Yes
16. Fire and Emergency File	☐ Yes
17. Partial Completion Strategy	☐ Yes

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